

DIEDRICH 202V VANA-STOP

DESCRIPTION AND USE:

Diedrich 202V Vana-Stop is a combination of organic and inorganic acids, wetting agents and inhibitors for use in the final clean-up of new masonry. It is specifically formulated for cleaning new brick subject to vanadium, manganese, molybdenum and other metallic stains. **202V Vana-Stop** efficiently cleans off residual mortar, day to day soiling and staining that occurs on job sites. It will work on brick, stone, tile, exposed aggregate and several varieties of new masonry construction susceptible to metallic staining. Brick most prone to metallic staining are black, white, grey, tan and chocolate. These brick contain deposits which may be activated by harsh raw acid cleaning compounds that come to the surface, resulting in green or brown stains. Cleaning with the **202V Vana-Stop** greatly reduces the likelihood of a staining occurrence, thereby eliminating costly recleaning and stain removal. **Diedrich 202V Vana-Stop's** wetting agents and inhibitors permit it to cling to masonry surfaces for an extended dwell period. This extended dwell time permits a safer low acid concentration to be used in comparison to the customary harsh raw muriatic acid washes. This results in equal if not better cleaning while exposing the masonry to less actual acid.

Diedrich 202V Vana-Stop quickly loosens mortar residue and when removed with high or low pressure water virtually all residue will be washed away with little or no agitation. When used as directed **202V Vana-Stop** being a concentrate is a versatile product that can be diluted as job conditions dictate. (Example: 1 gallon of **202V Vana-Stop** can be diluted to make from 5 to as much as 50 gallons).

LIMITATIONS:

Extra care should be taken when used on glazed substrates and colored mortar. **202V Vana-Stop** may not be compatible with all surfaces. Test applications must be accomplished to ensure there are no adverse reactions such as bleaching and etching. **202V Vana-Stop** will not clean pollution and carbon deposits, or smoke and fire residue from masonry and stone surfaces. See product literature on Diedrich Restoration Cleaners

TEST PROCEDURES:

A test patch approximately 4 ft. x 4 ft. is required to be cleaned prior to full scale operations. The test areas are necessary to determine compatibility and required end results. Individual masonry types must be tested. Inspection of the test areas should occur after 3 to 7 day dry time. The test patch should be available for the architect to inspect and approve, then remain as the standard for the project.

DILUTIONS:

As with any acid based material like **202V Vana-Stop**, water used for dilution should be placed in a rubber or polyethylene container first, then slowly add the **202V Vana-Stop**. Metal containers and tools are never to be used, as acids and their fumes will have a detrimental effect on such containers and tools and could explode. The suggested dilution rates based on one part **202V Vana-Stop** to various parts water are as follows: (Adjustment of rates of dilution may be necessary as indicated by the test patches.)

Dilute one part 202V Vana-Stop with the indicated parts of water:

BLACK, WHITE, GREY, TAN & CHOCOLATE FACE BRICK, LIMESTONE, UNGLAZED STRUCTURAL TILE, PRECAST AND EXPOSED AGGREGATE

6 parts water.

COLORED CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS, COLORED MORTAR

10 to 15 parts water.

SANDSTONE, OHIO BLUESTONE AND OTHER POROUS STONE

8 parts water

GLAZED STRUCTURAL AND CERAMIC TILE, CERAMIC BRICK

10 parts water.

FOR BURNISHED MASONRY

12-15 parts water & refer to **Diedrich 222 Cultured Stone and Burnished Masonry Clenzer**.

PREPARATORY WORK:

When product is to be used on occupied building, the following steps should be taken to protect building occupants from fumes. Close all windows and cover air intake and exterior air-conditioning vents. Also shut down air handling equipment during application and for 30 minutes following. It is highly recommended to complete all masonry cleaning prior to installation of non-masonry items that would be adversely affected by the **200, 202, 202V Vana-Stop**. Some of these would be doors, windows, light fixtures, hardware etc. If they are already in place, extreme care and thorough protective covering and adequate ventilation should be used to prevent damage from contact and fumes. All sealant and caulking materials must be in place and cured, per manufacturer's specifications, prior to commencement of the cleaning process. Employ all necessary precautions and covering to prevent unnecessary damage to the building being cleaned as well as surrounding buildings, vegetation, landscaping, electrical, anodized aluminum, asphalt roofing, cars and all other adjacent items with plastic coverings and watersoaking. Avoid drift and/or overspray as it may injure passersby or damage vehicles. Divert traffic. Will not damage regular glass.

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN AND ANIMALS.

All surfaces are to be thoroughly presoaked with water to prevent absorption of the **200, 202 or 202V Vana-Stop** into the pores of the masonry. It is recommended to place a lawn soaker hose along the top of the wall to ensure a complete and uniform pre-soaking of the area to be cleaned. A second hose shall be used to provide a flow of water to insure a thorough flushing from the cleaned area of the excess mortar and dirt. If the structure is a multi-story building a lawn soaker hose should be fitted to the face of the scaffold/stage to ensure a Continuous wetting of the areas below that which is being worked on. The most effective and satisfactory cleaning and results can be expected if commencement of cleaning occurs within 14 to 28 days of masonry installation. Mortar and grout residue/smears

allowed to remain on the surface beyond this time frame will be difficult to clean off and with less than desirable results.

APPLICATION:

EXTERIOR SURFACES: Test patches must be accomplished prior to full scale cleaning.

1. Pre-soak a large area thoroughly with water.
2. Application of properly diluted **200, 202 or 202V Vana-Stop** can be by either a dense, soft masonry brush or low pressure (40 - 50 psi) airless sprayer of a corrosive/acid resistant type such as **DIEDRICH TECHNOLOGIES ACID EXPRESS PUMP**. Apply diluted **200, 202 or 202V Vana-Stop** freely to ensure complete coverage.
3. Dwell time on the wall surface should be about five minutes. Allowing the cleaner to dry on the surface may result in stains and residue.
4. To remove heavy buildup of excess mortar or grout, reapply the **200, 202 or 202V Vana-Stop** solution and use a wooden scraper or piece of brick to scrape off the excess, using care not to damage the surface of the masonry.

NOTE: Whenever possible try to avoid additional applications as they may cause a white scum detergent film to appear on the brick. If mortar deposits do not dissolve with the first application, longer dwell time may be required, but not to the point the **200, 202 or 202V Vana-Stop** dries into the surface.

5. Using fresh water thoroughly rinse the masonry surface for thorough removal of chemical residue, free sand and other loose material and debris. For optimum results application of rinse water should be with a pressure washer fitted with a 25°-40° fan type tip providing at least 400 psi at 4 to 6 gallons per minute of water is recommended.

NEVER APPLY DIEDRICH 200, 202 OR 202V VANA-STOP WITH SPRAY EQUIPMENT GENERATING MORE THEN 50 PSI. EXCESSIVE PRESSURE WILL CAUSE THE CHEMICAL TO BE DRIVEN DEEPLY INTO THE SUBSTRATE. COMPLETE RINSE REMOVAL WILL PROVE DIFFICULT. Note: Lower areas of a wall being cleaned must be kept wet and rinsed of cleaning residue to prevent a streaked appearance.

NOTE: Also the cleaner must be thoroughly rinsed off the masonry before it begins to dry onto the masonry. If the masonry is not adequately prewet before the cleaner is applied and/or if the rinse is hurried and not completely thorough a "white scum" film residue will appear when dry and may be very difficult to remove. Refer to **Diedrich 930 White Scum Remover** specifications.

INTERIOR SURFACES:

Follow all test and preparation procedures applicable to exterior work, ie. test patches, pre-wetting, protective coverings. Interior new masonry construction cleaning projects should be completed before finished flooring, trim work, any type of metal fixtures or any other non-masonry material are put in place. If said materials have already been installed, take all necessary precautions to prevent

damage from contact with the solution and its fumes by covering with polyethylene sheets and supplying ventilation adequate to prevent accumulation

of fumes in concentrations that could cause damage. Clean following procedures for exterior cleaning. In lieu of rinsing with a hose or pressure wash, a sponge or soft bristled brush can be used to apply the fresh water necessary to thoroughly rinse the cleaning solution. If job conditions dictate limited water-use below that required for a thorough rinse, the following steps should be taken.

1. Rinse with as much fresh water as is permitted.
2. A neutralization rinse consisting of 1 gallon of fresh water and 2 oz. of household ammonia.
3. Apply the neutralizing solution liberally to the saturation point. Allow a dwell time of approximately minutes.
4. A final rinse, again with fresh water.

EFFLORESCENCE: A Simple Solution

Efflorescence is a deposit of white powdery soluble salts, that sometimes appears on the surface of masonry or concrete construction. Often efflorescence is apparent just after the structure is completed, when the builder, architect and owner are most concerned with the appearance of the new structure. The most common salts that contaminate masonry are sulfates, chlorides, nitrates and phosphates, which are associated with acid rain and air pollution. A combination of circumstances cause this crystalline deposit. First, there must be a source of water soluble salts in the masonry. Second, moisture must be present to pick up the soluble salts and transfer them to the surface. Third, some force, evaporation or hydrostatic pressure, will cause the solution to migrate. The force of this crystallization, like a disease, can cause the masonry to disintegrate and spall. If any one of these conditions is eliminated, efflorescence should not occur. In most cases, salts that cause efflorescence come from construction materials, masonry units, or mortar. The best analogy is to call it a masonry infection that possibly requires 2 to 3 treatments of Diedrich detergents over a period of a month to neutralize and eliminate (like antibodies for infections) this powdered surface. Moisture may also enter a masonry wall due to vapor from the interior of a building and accumulate within the wall as it condenses, or rainwater may enter the masonry during construction. Proper protection can alleviate this problem. Common sources of Excessive moisture entry are water related: rain, roof drainage, leaky gutters and downspouts, missing or eroded mortar, soft porous or deteriorated masonry, window sills, failure to protect new masonry walls, etc. Efflorescence is a normal construction phenomenon called new or old "BUILDING BLOOM". Once the building is waterproofed, we can expect a certain amount of efflorescence caused by residual construction moisture. Post World War II brick, containing vanadium and manganese, could leach out as

yellow/ green or brown stains, so use **Diedrich 202V Vana- Stop** only, on these bricks.

EFFLORESCENCE REMOVAL:

For the removal of efflorescence the dilution ratio should be 5 to 10 parts water or stronger to 1 part **200,202, 202V Vana-Stop**. The application dwell time should be approximately 10 minutes followed by a garden hose low pressure trickle-like water fog/mist rinse. Do not use high pressure washer or a beaded garden

hose spray because great amounts of pounding water will activate more efflorescence to the surface.

NOTE: INSPECT FOR AND CORRECT WATER ENTRANCE PROBLEMS AT DETERIORATED MASONRY AND MORTAR JOINTS, FLASHINGS, EAVES, GUTTERS, DOWNSPOUTS AND ANY OTHER DRAINAGE PROBLEMS PRIOR TO REMOVING EFFLORESCENCE. These problem areas should be corrected before **200, 202 or 202V Vana-Stop** application and removal. If efflorescence reappears, it tells you there is a leak or moisture movement in the building. When the problem is found and repaired, the cause of the efflorescence is usually eliminated.

DIEDRICH WATER REPELLENTS ARE DESIGNED TO PREVENT THE FORMATION OF EFFLORESCENCE. ONCE THE DIEDRICH CLEANER TREATMENTS HAVE NEUTRALIZED THE MASONRY, THE SURFACE MUST BE SEALED TO PREVENT MOISTURE INTRUSION THAT CAN INCUR FURTHER FORMATION OF THE SALT DEPOSITS. ALLOW MASONRY TO DRY SUFFICIENTLY (3-5 DAYS) DEPENDING ON WEATHER CONDITIONS BEFORE APPLYING DIEDRICH WATER REPELLENTS **300C, 303-SILOXSEAL, OR 333-OMEGASEAL**.

ALTERNATE USES:

Diedrich 200, 202, and 202V Vana-Stop New Masonry Detergents were developed for cleaning new masonry, their unique formulations allow them to be used in many other applications where muriatic acid before would be used, but now is prohibited by all brick manufacturers. These New Masonry Detergents will do exceptional jobs for the:

1. Removal of form oils and membrane compounds from concrete surfaces.
2. Remove paper fiber form stains embedded in concrete.
3. Remove plaster stains and residue from concrete surfaces.
4. Clean precast and exposed aggregate panels in-house and on job sites.
5. Remove algae and water deposits from swimming pools.
6. Remove calcium and water deposits from swimming pool filters.
7. Etching concrete surfaces.

Before using **200, 202 or 202V Vana-Stop New Masonry Detergents** in any of the above applications, thorough testing must be accomplished prior to full scale use. This must be done to assure the desired results are achieved without detrimental effects to the surface it is to be used on.

WARRANTY:

DIEDRICH TECHNOLOGIES INC., warrants that the product will conform to the description and specifications set forth on the product label and will be free from defects in material and workmanship. The exclusive remedy of the Buyer in the event that the product does not conform shall be the replacement of the product. This warranty is expressly made in lieu of any and all other warranties, expressed or implied, including the warranties of merchantability and fitness, and Diedrich Technologies Inc. shall not be liable for any loss or damage, directly or indirectly arising from the use of such merchandise or for consequential or incidental damages. While Diedrich

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SYSTEM:
USE DIEDRICH NEUTRA-SOAK "A" FOR
ACID, WHICH IS A DRY ABSORBENT
COMPOUND FOR SPILLAGE AND TO
DIKE/CONTAIN AND COLLECT WASH-OFF
RESIDUE FOR SAFER DISPOSAL AND TO
ADDRESS LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL
REQUIREMENTS.

AVAILABILITY:

Available through a network of 2000 distributors and over 2100 experienced contractors located throughout the United States, Canada, Mexico, South America, and Europe.

MAINTENANCE:

Surfaces cleaned by Diedrich products require no maintenance. For safety and to avoid contamination of the product chemical containers should be tightly sealed while in storage.

TECHNICAL SERVICES:

DIEDRICH TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
A Division of Sandell Construction Solutions

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